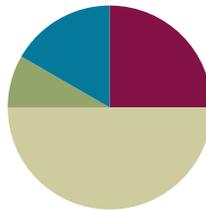


## Lesson 10

**Objective:** Use the symbols  $>$ ,  $=$ , and  $<$  to compare quantities and numerals.

### Suggested Lesson Structure

■ Fluency Practice	(15 minutes)
■ Application Problem	(5 minutes)
■ Concept Development	(30 minutes)
■ Student Debrief	(10 minutes)
<b>Total Time</b>	<b>(60 minutes)</b>



### Fluency Practice (15 minutes)

- Sprint: Number Sequences Within 40 **1.NBT.3** (10 minutes)
- Digit Detective **1.NBT.3** (5 minutes)

#### Sprint: Number Sequences Within 40 (10 minutes)

Materials: (S) Number Sequences Within 40 Sprint

Note: In this Sprint, students recognize forward and backward counting patterns. As with all Sprints, the sequence progresses from simple to complex, with the final quadrant being the most challenging. The last four problems of this particular Sprint involve counting by twos, a Grade 2 standard. Grade 1 students who complete enough problems to encounter this challenge may use their understanding of the relationship between counting and addition to solve these problems (**1.OA.5**).

#### Digit Detective (5 minutes)

Materials: (T/S) Personal white board, place value chart (Lesson 2 Template 2)

Note: This fluency activity was conducted as a teacher-directed fluency in the previous lesson. Today, students practice in pairs and compare their numbers using inequality symbols.

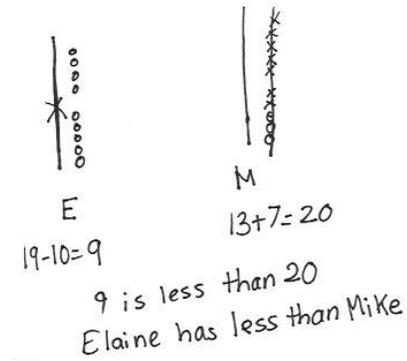
Students work in pairs. Each student writes a number from 0 to 40 in his place value chart but does not show his partner. Partners then can either tell which digit is in each place or give addition or subtraction clues about the digits. Partners guess each other's numbers, and then write and say an inequality sentence comparing them. Circulate and ask questions to encourage students to realize that their inequality sentences may be different, but both may be true (e.g.,  $14 < 37$  and  $37 > 14$ ).

### Application Problem (5 minutes)

Elaine and Mike were picking blueberries. Elaine had 19 blueberries and ate 10. Mike had 13 and picked 7 more. Compare Elaine and Mike's blueberries after Elaine ate some and Mike picked some more.

- Use words and pictures to show how many blueberries each person has.
- Use the term *greater than* or *less than* in your statement.

Note: During the Debrief, students write the number sentence using the proper comparative symbol. If the challenge of wielding both Elaine and Mike poses too much of a challenge for students, invite them to work in pairs and let one student be Mike and the other Elaine.



### Concept Development (30 minutes)

Materials: (T) Double-sided alligator card (Lesson 9 Template), comparison cards (Lesson 8 Template), projector  
(S) Comparison cards (Lesson 8 Template), erasers, personal white board

Gather students in the meeting area with their materials.

- T: (Project 28 and 37 in place value charts.) Which number would the hungry alligator want to eat?
- S: 37.
- T: (Project or hold up the *greater than* alligator symbol.) Why?
- S: 37 is greater than 28. → There are more tens in 37 than in 28. → The digit 3 in 37 shows there are more tens in 37 than there are in 28.
- T: Today, we will use math symbols to compare numbers. You just said that 37 is greater than 28. (Hold up the *greater than* card with the symbol side showing.) I will use this math symbol to make the number sentence 37 is greater than 28. (Tape card below the alligator, and rewrite the numbers on either side of the symbol.)
- T: What do you notice is similar between the alligator and the math symbol? Turn and talk with a partner.
- S: The symbol looks like the alligator's mouth. → The symbol is open on the side that the alligator likes to eat.



#### NOTES ON MULTIPLE MEANS OF ENGAGEMENT:

Connect learning to areas of interest. Students who enjoy writing can be given the challenge to write their own Application Problem using tens and ones. Practicing writing skills during math is a great cross-curricular activity. Students can also present their problems to the class to solve.



#### NOTES ON MULTIPLE MEANS OF ENGAGEMENT:

A few students should keep the teeth on their alligators while the rest of the class removes their teeth. This helps the class see that the symbols are the same with or without teeth. The students who initially keep their teeth can be those who may need additional support reading the statements correctly. At some point during the lesson, switch the job to other students to support movement toward greater independence.

- T: We call this symbol the *greater than sign*.
- T: (Project 15 and 18 in place value charts.) Can you figure out the symbol we will use between these numbers? Talk with a partner.
- S: (Share quickly.) The *less than sign*!
- T: We need to place the *less than sign* because 15 is *less than* 18. What does this sign look like? Draw it in the air.
- S: (Draw in the air.)
- T: Yes, it looks like this. (Draw or tape the *less than* symbol between 15 and 18.) How did you know?
- S: It is like the alligator’s mouth. It should be opened toward the greater number. → The smaller end points to the smaller number. → The open part faces the greater number.
- T: Today, let’s erase the teeth we made on our comparison cards and try to use the math symbol to make true number sentences like the two we just made.
- T: We will play Compare It! again today. We need someone to remind us of the rules.
- S: We play with a partner. Each of us writes a number from 0 to 40 on our personal white board, without showing our partner. When we are both ready, we put them down next to each other. For the first round, Partner A uses the cards to put the symbol between the boards.
- T: Today, Partner B then reads the true number sentence that you made. Remember that we always read the number sentences from left to right. (Demonstrate with the number sentence on the board.)

At the end of the first round, have partners use Partner B’s cards. Alternate for each round until the students have played for four minutes. During that time, circulate and notice which students are successful and which may need more support. Encourage students to make the game more challenging by varying how they represent the number, using quick tens, place value charts, and writing the numbers as tens and ones.

**Problem Set (10 minutes)**

Students should do their personal best to complete the Problem Set within the allotted 10 minutes. For some classes, it may be appropriate to modify the assignment by specifying which problems they work on first.

NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM Lesson 10 Problem Set 10•4

Name Maria Date \_\_\_\_\_

1. Use the symbols to compare the numbers. Fill in the blank with  $<$ ,  $>$ , or  $=$  to make a true number sentence. Read the number sentences from left to right.

40  20  
40  $>$  20  
40 is greater than 20.

18  20  
18  $<$  20  
18 is less than 20.

a. 27 $>$ 24	b. 31 $>$ 28	c. 10 $<$ 13
d. 13 $<$ 15	e. 31 $>$ 29	f. 38 $>$ 18
g. 27 $>$ 17	h. 32 $>$ 21	i. 12 $<$ 21

**COMMON CORE** Lesson 10: Use the symbols  $>$ ,  $=$ , and  $<$  to compare quantities and numerals. Date: 8/18/14 engage<sup>ny</sup> 4.B.49

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### Student Debrief (10 minutes)

**Lesson Objective:** Use the symbols  $>$ ,  $=$ , and  $<$  to compare quantities and numerals.

The Student Debrief is intended to invite reflection and active processing of the total lesson experience.

Invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set. They should check work by comparing answers with a partner before going over answers as a class. Look for misconceptions or misunderstandings that can be addressed in the Debrief. Guide students in a conversation to debrief the Problem Set and process the lesson.

Any combination of the questions below may be used to lead the discussion.

- Look at Problems 1(a) and 1(b). How was the way you solved 1(a) different from how you solved 1(b)? Explain your thinking.
- Look at Problem 2(f). How are the numbers the same? How are they different? Compare the digit 2 in each number. How does changing the position of the digit change the value of the number?
- What are some different ways you can remember each of the symbols?
- Look at the Application Problem. How did you find the answer? Use the symbols from today’s lesson to write a number sentence that matches your statement.

NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM Lesson 10 Problem Set 1•4

2. Circle the correct words to make the sentence true. Use  $>$ ,  $<$ , or  $=$  and numbers to write a true number sentence. The first one is done for you.

a. 36 is greater than is less than is equal to 3 tens 6 ones  <u>36</u> <u>=</u> <u>36</u>	b. 1 ten 4 ones is greater than is less than is equal to 17  <u>14</u> <u>&lt;</u> <u>17</u>
c. 2 tens 4 ones is greater than is less than is equal to 34  <u>24</u> <u>&lt;</u> <u>34</u>	d. 20 is greater than is less than is equal to 2 tens 0 ones  <u>20</u> <u>=</u> <u>20</u>
e. 31 is greater than is less than is equal to 13  <u>31</u> <u>&gt;</u> <u>13</u>	f. 12 is greater than is less than is equal to 21  <u>12</u> <u>&lt;</u> <u>21</u>
g. 17 is greater than is less than is equal to 3 ones 1 ten  <u>17</u> <u>&gt;</u> <u>13</u>	h. 30 is greater than is less than is equal to 0 tens 30 ones  <u>30</u> <u>=</u> <u>30</u>

COMMON CORE Lesson 10: Use the symbols  $>$ ,  $=$ , and  $<$  to compare quantities and numerals. engage<sup>ny</sup> 4.B.50  
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### Exit Ticket (3 minutes)

After the Student Debrief, instruct students to complete the Exit Ticket. A review of their work helps with assessing students’ understanding of the concepts that were presented in today’s lesson and planning more effectively for future lessons. The questions may be read aloud to the students.

Number Correct: 

**A**

Name \_\_\_\_\_

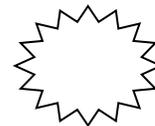
Date \_\_\_\_\_

\*Write the missing number in the sequence.

1.	0, 1, 2, ___	16.	15, ___, 13, 12
2.	10, 11, 12, ___	17.	___, 24, 23, 22
3.	20, 21, 22, ___	18.	6, 16, ___, 36
4.	10, 9, 8, ___	19.	7, ___, 27, 37
5.	20, 19, 18, ___	20.	___, 19, 29, 39
6.	40, 39, 38, ___	21.	___, 26, 16, 6
7.	0, 10, 20, ___	22.	34, ___, 14, 4
8.	2, 12, 22, ___	23.	___, 20, 21, 22
9.	5, 15, 25, ___	24.	29, ___, 31, 32
10.	40, 30, 20, ___	25.	5, ___, 25, 35
11.	39, 29, 19, ___	26.	___, 25, 15, 5
12.	7, 8, 9, ___	27.	2, 4, ___, 8
13.	7, 8, ___, 10	28.	___, 14, 16, 18
14.	17, ___, 19, 20	29.	8, ___, 4, 2
15.	15, 14, ___, 12	30.	___, 18, 16, 14

**B**

Number Correct:



Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

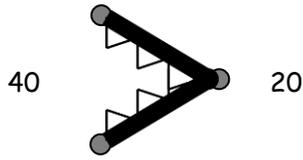
\*Write the missing number in the sequence.

1.	1, 2, 3, ___		16.	13, ___, 11, 10	
2.	11, 12, 13, ___		17.	___, 22, 21, 20	
3.	21, 22, 23, ___		18.	5, 15, ___, 35	
4.	10, 9, 8, ___		19.	4, ___, 24, 34	
5.	20, 19, 18, ___		20.	___, 17, 27, 37	
6.	30, 29, 28, ___		21.	___, 29, 19, 9	
7.	0, 10, 20, ___		22.	31, ___, 11, 1	
8.	3, 13, 23, ___		23.	___, 30, 31, 32	
9.	6, 16, 26, ___		24.	19, ___, 21, 22	
10.	40, 30, 20, ___		25.	5, ___, 25, 35	
11.	38, 28, 18, ___		26.	___, 25, 15, 5	
12.	6, 7, 8, ___		27.	2, 4, ___, 8	
13.	6, 7, ___, 9		28.	___, 12, 14, 16	
14.	16, ___, 18, 19		29.	12, ___, 8, 6	
15.	16, ___, 14, 13		30.	___, 20, 18, 16	

Name \_\_\_\_\_

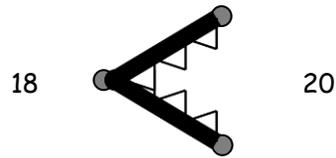
Date \_\_\_\_\_

1. Use the symbols to compare the numbers. Fill in the blank with  $<$ ,  $>$ , or  $=$  to make a true number sentence. Read the number sentences from left to right.



$$40 > 20$$

40 is greater than 20.



$$18 < 20$$

18 is less than 20.

<p>a.</p> $27 \bigcirc 24$	<p>b.</p> $31 \bigcirc 28$	<p>c.</p> $10 \bigcirc 13$
<p>d.</p> $13 \bigcirc 15$	<p>e.</p> $31 \bigcirc 29$	<p>f.</p> $38 \bigcirc 18$
<p>g.</p> $27 \bigcirc 17$	<p>h.</p> $32 \bigcirc 21$	<p>i.</p> $12 \bigcirc 21$

2. Circle the correct words to make the sentence true. Use  $>$ ,  $<$ , or  $=$  and numbers to write a true number sentence. The first one is done for you.

<p>a.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>36</span> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">                     is greater than                      is less than  <span style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px;">is equal to</span> </div> <span>3 tens 6 ones</span> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">36</span> <span style="font-size: 2em; border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; display: inline-block; width: 30px; height: 30px; text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">=</span> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">36</span> </div>	<p>b.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>1 ten 4 ones</span> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">                     is greater than                      is less than                      is equal to                 </div> <span>17</span> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> <span style="font-size: 2em; border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; display: inline-block; width: 30px; height: 30px; text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">○</span> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> </div>
<p>c.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>2 tens 4 ones</span> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">                     is greater than                      is less than                      is equal to                 </div> <span>34</span> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> <span style="font-size: 2em; border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; display: inline-block; width: 30px; height: 30px; text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">○</span> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> </div>	<p>d.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>20</span> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">                     is greater than                      is less than                      is equal to                 </div> <span>2 tens 0 ones</span> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> <span style="font-size: 2em; border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; display: inline-block; width: 30px; height: 30px; text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">○</span> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> </div>
<p>e.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>31</span> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">                     is greater than                      is less than                      is equal to                 </div> <span>13</span> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> <span style="font-size: 2em; border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; display: inline-block; width: 30px; height: 30px; text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">○</span> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> </div>	<p>f.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>12</span> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">                     is greater than                      is less than                      is equal to                 </div> <span>21</span> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> <span style="font-size: 2em; border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; display: inline-block; width: 30px; height: 30px; text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">○</span> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> </div>
<p>g.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>17</span> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">                     is greater than                      is less than                      is equal to                 </div> <span>3 ones 1 ten</span> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> <span style="font-size: 2em; border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; display: inline-block; width: 30px; height: 30px; text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">○</span> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> </div>	<p>h.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>30</span> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">                     is greater than                      is less than                      is equal to                 </div> <span>0 tens 30 ones</span> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> <span style="font-size: 2em; border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; display: inline-block; width: 30px; height: 30px; text-align: center; vertical-align: middle;">○</span> <span style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding: 0 10px;">_____</span> </div>

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

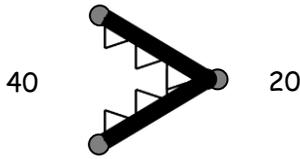
Circle the correct words to make the sentence true. Use  $>$ ,  $<$ , or  $=$  and numbers to write a true number sentence.

<p>a.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>29</span> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">                 is greater than                  is less than                  is equal to             </div> <span>2 tens 6 ones</span> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <span>_____</span> <span style="font-size: 2em;">○</span> <span>_____</span> </div>	<p>b.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>1 ten 8 ones</span> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">                 is greater than                  is less than                  is equal to             </div> <span>19</span> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <span>_____</span> <span style="font-size: 2em;">○</span> <span>_____</span> </div>
<p>c.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>2 tens 9 ones</span> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">                 is greater than                  is less than                  is equal to             </div> <span>40</span> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <span>_____</span> <span style="font-size: 2em;">○</span> <span>_____</span> </div>	<p>d.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <span>39</span> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">                 is greater than                  is less than                  is equal to             </div> <span>4 tens 0 ones</span> </div> <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 10px;"> <span>_____</span> <span style="font-size: 2em;">○</span> <span>_____</span> </div>

Name \_\_\_\_\_

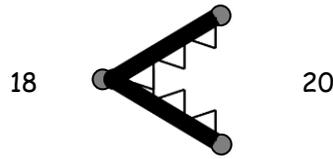
Date \_\_\_\_\_

Use the symbols to compare the numbers. Fill in the blank with  $<$ ,  $>$ , or  $=$  to make a true number sentence. Complete the number sentence with a phrase from the word bank.



$$40 > 20$$

40 is greater than 20.



$$18 < 20$$

18 is less than 20.

Word Bank  
is greater than  
is less than  
is equal to

a.      17      ○      13

17 \_\_\_\_\_ 13

b.      23      ○      33

23 \_\_\_\_\_ 33

c.      36      ○      36

36 \_\_\_\_\_ 36

d.      25      ○      32

25 \_\_\_\_\_ 32

e.      38      ○      28

38 \_\_\_\_\_ 28

f.      32      ○      23

32 \_\_\_\_\_ 23

g. 1 ten 5 ones  14  
 1 ten 5 ones \_\_\_\_\_ 14

h. 3 tens  30  
 3 tens \_\_\_\_\_ 30

i. 29  2 tens 7 ones  
 29 \_\_\_\_\_ 2 tens 7 ones

j. 19  2 tens 3 ones  
 19 \_\_\_\_\_ 2 tens 3 ones

k. 3 tens 1 one  13  
 3 tens 1 one \_\_\_\_\_ 13

l. 35  3 tens 5 ones  
 35 \_\_\_\_\_ 3 tens 5 ones

m. 2 tens 3 ones  32  
 2 tens 3 ones \_\_\_\_\_ 32

n. 3 tens  36  
 3 tens \_\_\_\_\_ 36

o. 29  3 tens 9 ones  
 29 \_\_\_\_\_ 3 tens 9 ones

p. 4 tens  39  
 4 tens \_\_\_\_\_ 39