Lesson 6

Objective: Find 1, 10, and 100 thousand more and less than a given number.

Suggested Lesson Structure

- Fluency Practice (12 minutes)
- Application Problem (4 minutes)
- Concept Development (33 minutes)
- Student Debrief (11 minutes)
- Total Time (60 minutes)

Fluency Practice (12 minutes)

- Unit Skip-Counting 4.NBT.1 (3 minutes)
- Rename the Units 4.NBT.2 (5 minutes)
- Compare Numbers 4.NBT.2 (4 minutes)

Unit Skip-Counting (3 minutes)

Note: This activity applies skip-counting fluency to the multiplying by ten lessons.

T: Count by threes to 30.
S: 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24, 27, 30.
T: Now, count by 3 ten thousands to 30 ten thousands. Stop counting and raise your hand when you see me raise my hand.
S: 3 ten thousands, 6 ten thousands, 9 ten thousands.
T/S: (Raise hand.)
T: Say the number in standard form.
S: 90,000.

Continue, stopping students at 15 ten thousands, 21 ten thousands, and 30 ten thousands.

Repeat the process. This time, count by fours to 40 and by 4 hundred thousands to 40 hundred thousands.
Rename the Units (5 minutes)

Note: This fluency activity applies students’ place value skills in a new context that helps them better access the lesson’s content.

Materials: (S) Personal white board

T: (Write 54,783.) Say the number.
S: 54,783.
T: How many thousands are in 54,783?
S: 54 thousands.
T: (Write 54,783 = _____ thousands ____ ones.) On your personal white board, fill in the equation.
S: (Write 54,783 = 54 thousands 783 ones.)
T: How many ten thousands are in 54,783?
S: 5 ten thousands.
T: (Write 54,783 = _____ ten thousands ____ hundreds ____ ones.) On your board, fill in the equation.
S: (Write 54,783 = 5 ten thousands 47 hundreds 83 ones.)

Follow the same process and sequence for 234,673.

Compare Numbers (4 minutes)

Materials: (S) Personal white board

Note: This fluency activity reviews comparing number concepts learned in Lesson 5.

T: (Write 231,005 _____ 83,872.) On your personal white board, compare the numbers by writing the greater than, less than, or equal to symbol.
S: (Write 231,005 > 83,872.)

Repeat using the following sequence: 6 thousands 4 hundreds 9 tens _____ 5 ten thousands 4 hundreds 9 ones and 8 hundred thousands 7 thousands 8 hundreds 2 tens _____ 807,820.

Application Problem (4 minutes)

Use the digits 5, 6, 8, 2, 4, and 1 to create two six-digit numbers. Be sure to use each of the digits within both numbers. Express the numbers in word form, and use a comparison symbol to show their relationship.

Note: This Application Problem builds on the content of the previous two lessons.
Lesson 6

Find 1, 10, and 100 thousand more and less than a given number.

Materials: (T) Unlabeled hundred thousands place value chart (Lesson 5 Template) (S) Personal white board, unlabeled hundred thousands place value chart (Lesson 5 Template)

Concept Development (33 minutes)

Problem 1: Find 1 thousand more and 1 thousand less.

T: (Draw 2 thousands disks in the place value chart.) How many thousands do you count?
S: Two thousands.
T: What number is one thousand more? (Draw 1 more thousand.)
S: Three thousands.
T: (Write 3 thousands 112 ones.) Model this number with disks, and write its expanded and standard form.
S: (Write $3,000 + 100 + 10 + 2 = 3,112$.)
T: Draw 1 more unit of one thousand. What number is 1 thousand more than 3,112?
S: 4,112.
T: (Write $3,112$.)

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Show 1 less unit of 1 thousand. What number is 1 thousand less than 3,112?
S: 2,112.
T: Draw 1 ten thousands disk. What number do you have now?
S: 14,112.
T: Show 1 less unit of 1 thousand. What number is 1 thousand less than 14,112?
S: 13,112.
T: 1 thousand more than 14,112?
S: 15,112.
T: Did the largest unit change? Discuss with your partner.
S: (Discuss.)
T: Show 19,112. (Pause as students draw.) What is 1 thousand less? 1 thousand more than 19,112?
S: 18,112. 20,112.
T: Did the largest unit change? Discuss with your partner.
S: (Discuss.)
T: Show 199,465. (Pause as they do so.) What is 1 thousand less? 1 thousand more than 199,465?
T: Did the largest unit change? Discuss with your partner.
S: (Discuss.)
Lesson 6: Find 1, 10, and 100 thousand more and less than a given number.

Problem 2: Find 10 thousand more and 10 thousand less.

T: Use numbers and disks to model 2 ten thousands 3 thousands. Read and write the expanded form.

S: (Model, read, and write 20,000 + 3,000 = 23,000.)

T: What number is 10 thousand more than 2 ten thousands 3 thousands? Draw, read, and write the expanded form.

S: (Model, read, and write 20,000 + 10,000 + 3,000 = 33,000.)

T: (Display 100,000 + 30,000 + 4,000.) Use disks and numbers to model the sum. What number is 10 thousand more than 134,000? Say your answer as an addition sentence.

S: 10,000 plus 134,000 is 144,000.

T: (Display 25,130 – 10,000.) What number is 10 thousand less than 25,130? Work with your partner to use numbers and disks to model the difference. Write and whisper to your partner an equation in unit form to verify your answer.

S: (Model, read, and write 2 ten thousands 5 thousands 1 hundred 3 tens minus 1 ten thousand is 1 ten thousand 5 thousands 1 hundred 3 tens.)

Problem 3: Find 100 thousand more and 100 thousand less.

T: (Display 200,352.) Work with your partner to find the number that is 100 thousand more than 200,352. Write an equation to verify your answer.

S: (Write 200,352 + 100,000 = 300,352.)

T: (Display 545,000 and 445,000 and 345,000.) Read these three numbers to your partner. Predict the next number in my pattern, and explain your reasoning.

S: I predict the next number will be 245,000. I notice the numbers decrease by 100,000. 345,000 minus 100,000 is 245,000. → I notice the hundred thousand units decreasing: 5 hundred thousands, 4 hundred thousands, 3 hundred thousands. I predict the next number will have 2 hundred thousands. I notice the other units do not change, so the next number will be 2 hundred thousands 4 ten thousands 5 thousands.

NOTES ON MULTIPLE MEANS OF ENGAGEMENT:

After students predict the next number in the pattern, ask students to create their own pattern using the strategy of one thousand more or less, ten thousand more or less, or one hundred thousand more or less. Then, ask students to challenge their classmates to predict the next number in the pattern.
Problem Set (10 minutes)

Students should do their personal best to complete the Problem Set within the allotted 10 minutes. For some classes, it may be appropriate to modify the assignment by specifying which problems they work on first. Some problems do not specify a method for solving. Students should solve these problems using the RDW approach used for Application Problems.

Student Debrief (11 minutes)

Lesson Objective: Find 1, 10, and 100 thousand more and less than a given number.

Invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set and the totality of the lesson experience. They should check work by comparing answers with a partner before going over answers as a class. Look for misconceptions or misunderstandings that can be addressed in the Student Debrief. Guide students in a conversation to debrief the Problem Set.

Any combination of the questions below may be used to lead the discussion.

- When drawing place value disks in the Problem Set, how did you show that a number was added or that a number was taken away? If you used symbols, which symbols did you use?
- Look at Problem 2 in the Problem Set. How did you solve? Compare your method to your partner’s. How else could you model?
- Why were Problem 3 (e) and (f) more challenging than the rest? How did you use your place value knowledge to solve?
- Look at Problem 4. What strategy did you use to complete the pattern? How many ways can we model to solve? Which way is best? Why do you think so?
- Compare Problem 3 and Problem 4. Which was easier to solve? Why?
- How does your understanding of place value help you add or subtract 1,000, 10,000, and 100,000?
- What place value patterns have we discovered?
Exit Ticket (3 minutes)

After the Student Debrief, instruct students to complete the Exit Ticket. A review of their work will help with assessing students’ understanding of the concepts that were presented in today’s lesson and planning more effectively for future lessons. The questions may be read aloud to the students.
Lesson 6 Problem Set

Name ___________________________________________ Date __________________

1. Label the place value chart. Use place value disks to find the sum or difference. Write the answer in standard form on the line.

   a. 10,000 more than six hundred five thousand, four hundred seventy-two is _________________.

   |   |   |   |

   b. 100 thousand less than 400,000 + 80,000 + 1,000 + 30 + 6 is _________________.

   |   |   |   |

   c. 230,070 is ________________________________ than 130,070.

   |   |   |   |

2. Lucy plays an online math game. She scored 100,000 more points on Level 2 than on Level 3. If she scored 349,867 points on Level 2, what was her score on Level 3? Use pictures, words, or numbers to explain your thinking.
Lesson 6 Problem Set

3. Fill in the blank for each equation.
   a. \(10,000 + 40,060 = \) ____________  
   b. \(21,195 - 10,000 = \) ____________
   c. \(999,000 + 1,000 = \) ____________  
   d. \(129,231 - 100,000 = \) ____________
   e. \(122,000 = 22,000 + \) ____________  
   f. \(38,018 = 39,018 - \) ____________

4. Fill in the empty boxes to complete the patterns.
   a. 
   \[
   \begin{array}{ccc}
   150,010 & 170,010 & 190,010 \\
   \end{array}
   \]
   Explain in pictures, numbers, or words how you found your answers.
   
   b. 
   \[
   \begin{array}{ccc}
   898,756 & 798,756 & 498,756 \\
   \end{array}
   \]
   Explain in pictures, numbers, or words how you found your answers.
### Lesson 6 Problem Set

**Lesson 6:** Find 1, 10, and 100 thousand more and less than a given number.

#### c.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>744,369</th>
<th>743,369</th>
<th>741,369</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Explain in pictures, numbers, or words how you found your answers.

#### d.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>118,910</th>
<th>88,910</th>
<th>78,910</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Explain in pictures, numbers, or words how you found your answers.
Lesson 6 Exit Ticket

1. Fill in the empty boxes to complete the pattern.

| 468,235 |   | 471,235 | 472,235 |

Explain in pictures, numbers, or words how you found your answers.

2. Fill in the blank for each equation.
   a. 1,000 + 56,879 = ____________
   b. 324,560 – 100,000 = ____________
   c. 456,080 – 10,000 = ____________
   d. 10,000 + 786,233 = ____________

3. The population of Rochester, NY, in the 2000 Census was 219,782. The 2010 Census found that the population decreased by about 10,000. About how many people lived in Rochester in 2010? Explain in pictures, numbers, or words how you found your answer.
Lesson 6 Homework

Name ____________________________________________ Date _________________

1. Label the place value chart. Use place value disks to find the sum or difference. Write the answer in standard form on the line.

a. 100,000 less than five hundred sixty thousand, three hundred thirteen is ______________.

b. Ten thousand more than 300,000 + 90,000 + 5,000 + 40 is ________________.

c. 447,077 is ________________ than 347,077.

2. Fill in the blank for each equation:

a. 100,000 + 76,960 = ____________

b. 13,097 – 1,000 = ____________

c. 849,000 – 10,000 = ____________

d. 442,210 + 10,000 = ____________

e. 172,090 = 171,090 + ____________

f. 854,121 = 954,121 – ____________
3. Fill in the empty boxes to complete the patterns.

   a. 
   
   | 145,555 | 147,555 | 149,555 |
   
   Explain in pictures, numbers, or words how you found your answers.

   b. 
   
   | 764,321 | 774,321 |          |
   |          |          | 804,321  |
   
   Explain in pictures, numbers, or words how you found your answers.

   c. 
   
   | 125,876 | 225,876 | 425,876 |
   
   Explain in pictures, numbers, or words how you found your answers.
4. In 2012, Charlie earned an annual salary of $54,098. At the beginning of 2013, Charlie’s annual salary was raised by $10,000. How much money will Charlie earn in 2013? Use pictures, words, or numbers to explain your thinking.

```plaintext
254,445
224,445
214,445
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Explain in pictures, numbers, or words how you found your answers.